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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

TO THE MEMBERS OF `VIRINCHI HEALTHCARE PRIVATE LIMITED

Report on the Audit of Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of VIRINCHI HEALTHCARE PRIVATE LIMITED ("the Company"), which Comprises the Balance Sheet as at March 31, 2021, the Statement of Profit and Loss (including Other Comprehensive Income), the Statement of Changes inEquity and the Statement of Cash Flows for the year ended on that date, and a summary of the significant accounting policies and other explanatory information (hereinafter referred toas"the

financialstatements").

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the aforesaid financial statements give the information required by the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act") in the manner so required and give a true and fair view in conformity with the Indian Accounting Standards prescribed under section 133 of the Act read with the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015, as amended, ("IndAS") and other accounting principles generally accepted in India, of the state of affairs of the Company as at March 31, 2021, the profitand total comprehensive income, changes in equity and its cash flows for the year ended on thatdate.

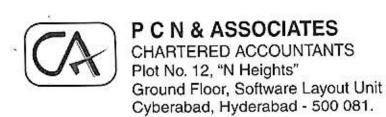
Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit of the financial statements in accordance with the Standards on Auditing specified under section 143(10) of the Act (SAs). Our responsibilities under those Standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the Code of Ethics issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India (ICAI) together with the independence requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements under the provisions of the Act and the Rules made thereunder, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the ICAI's Code of Ethics. We believe thatthe audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the financialstatements.

Information Other than the Financial Statements and Auditor's Report Thereon

The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the preparation of the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the Management Discussion and Analysis, Board'sReport including Annexure to Board's Report, Business Responsibility Report, Corporate Governance and Shareholder's Information, but does not include the financial statements and our

auditor's report there on. Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion there on .In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained during the course of our audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.



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If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is amaterial misstatement of this other information; we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

Management's Responsibility for the FinancialStatements

The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the matters stated in section 134(5) of the Act with respect to the preparation of these financial statements that give a true and fair view of the financial position, financial performance, total comprehensive income, changes inequity and cash flows of the Company in accordance with the IndAS and other accounting principles generally accepted in India. This responsibility also includes maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Act for safeguarding the assets of the Company and for preventing and detecting frauds and other irregularities; selection and application of appropriate accounting policies; making judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls, that were operating effectively for ensuring the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, relevant to the preparation and presentation of the financial statements that give a true and fair view and are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud orerror.

In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to doso.

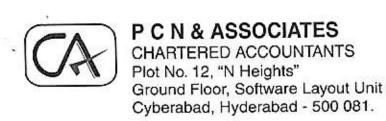
The Board of Directors is responsible for overseeing the Company's financial reporting process.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financialstatements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with SAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financialstatements.

As part of an audit in accordance with SAs, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financialstatements, whether
due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and
obtain audit evidence that is sufficientand appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The
risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one
resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions,
misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.



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- Obtain an understanding of internal financial controls relevant to the audit in order to design
 auditprocedures that are appropriate in the circumstances. Under section 143(3)(i) of the Act,
 we are also responsible for expressing our opinion on whether the Company has adequate
 internal financial controls system in place and the operating effectiveness of suchcontrols.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made bymanagement.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on theaudit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that my cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including
 the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions
 and events in a manner that achieves fairpresentation.

Materiality is the magnitude of misstatements in the financial statements that, individually orin aggregate, makes it probable that the economic decisions of a reasonably knowledgeable user of the financial statements may be influenced. We consider quantitative materiality and qualitative factors in:(i) planning the scope of our audit work and in evaluating the results of our work; and (ii) to evaluate the effect of any identified misstatements in the financial statements.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies ininternal control that we identify during ouraudit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

From the matters communicated with those charged with governance, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the financial statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.



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Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

As required by Section 143(3) of the Act, based on our audit we report that:

- a) We have sought and obtained all the information and explanations which to thebestofourknowledgeand belief were necessary for the purposes of ouraudit.
- b) In our opinion, proper books of account as required by law have been kept by the Company so far as it appears from our examination of thosebooks.
- c) The Balance Sheet, the Statement of Profit and Loss including Other Comprehensive Income, Statement of Changes in Equity and the Statement of Cash Flow dealt with by this Report are in agreement with the relevant books of account.
- d) In our opinion, the aforesaidfinancial statements complywith the IndAS specified under Section 133 of the Act, read with Rule 7 of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014.
- e) On the basis of the written representations received from the directors as on March 31, 2021taken on recordby the Board of Directors, none of the directors is disqualified ason March 31, 2021 frombeing appointed as a director in terms of Section 164 (2) of the Act.
- f) With respect to the adequacy of the internal financial controls over financial reporting of the Company and the operating effectiveness of such controls, refer to our separate Report in "Annexure A". Our report expresses an unmodified opinion on the adequacy and operating effectiveness of the Company's internal financial controls over financial reporting.
- g) With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with the requirements of section 197(16) of the Act, asamended:
 In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, during the year the Company has not paid remuneration to its directors. Hence the provisions of section 197 of the Act are not applicable.
- h) With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with Rule 11 of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014, as amended in our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us:
 - The Company does not have pending litigations which would have impact onits financial position.
 - ii. The Company has made provision, as required under the applicable law or accounting standards, for material foreseeable losses, if any, on long-term contracts including derivative contracts.
 - iii. There has been no delay in transferring amounts, required to be transferred, to the Investor Education and Protection Fund by the Company.



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 As required by the Companies (Auditor's Report) Order, 2016 ("the Order") issued by the Central Government in terms of Section 143(11) of the Act, we give in "Annexure B" a statement on the matters specified in paragraphs 3 and 4 of the Order.

For P C N & Associates,

Chartered Accountants

Firm's Registration No: 016016S

OCOYS M. Mohana Saradhi

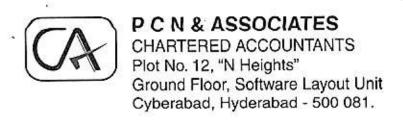
Partner

Membership No: 244686

UDIN: 21244686AAAACG6950

Place: Hyderabad

Date: 28-06-2021



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ANNEXURE "A" TO THE INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT (Referred to in paragraph 1(f) under 'Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements' section of our report to the Members of VIRINCHI HEALTHCARE PRIVATE LIMITED of even date

Report on the Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting under Clause (i) Of Sub-section 3 of Section 143 of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act")

We have audited the internal financial controls over financial reporting of VIRINCHI HEALTHCARE PRIVATE LIMITED("the Company") as of March 31, 2021 in conjunction with our audit of the financial statements of the Company for the year ended on that date.

Management's Responsibility for Internal Financial Controls

The Board of Directors of the Company is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal financial controls based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India. These responsibilities include the design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls that were operating effectively for ensuring the orderly and efficient conduct of its business, including adherence to respective company's policies, the safeguarding of its assets, the prevention and detection of frauds and errors, the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, and the timely preparation of reliable financial information, as required under the Companies Act, 2013.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the internal financial controls over financial reporting of the Company based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting (the "Guidance Note") issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India and the Standards on Auditing prescribed under Section143(10) of the Companies Act,2013, to the extent applicable to an audit of internal financial controls. Those Standards and the Guidance Note require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether adequate internal financial controls over financial reporting was established and maintained and if such controls operated effectively in all material respects.



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Our audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the adequacy of the internal financial controls system over financial reporting and their operating effectiveness. Our audit of internal financial controls over financial reporting included obtaining an understanding of internal financial controls over financial reporting, assessing the risk that a material weakness exists, and testing and evaluating the design and operating effectiveness of internal control based on the assessed risk. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud orerror.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the internal financial controls system over financial reporting of the Company.

Meaning of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting

A company's internal financial control over financial reporting is a process designed to provide reasonable assurance regardingthe reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. A company's internal financial control over financial reporting includes those policies and procedures that (1) pertain to the maintenance of records that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the assets of the company; (2) provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and that receipts and expenditures of the company are being made only in accordance with authorizations managementanddirectorsofthecompany; and (3) providereasonable assurance regardi ng prevention or timely detection of unauthorized acquisition, use, or disposition of the company's assets that could have a material effect on the financialstatements.

Limitations of Internal Financial Controls overFinancialReporting

Because of the inherent limitations of internal financial controls over financial reporting, including the possibility of collusion or improper management override of controls, material misstatements due to error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projections of any evaluation of the internal financial controls over financial reporting to future periods are subject to the risk that the internal financial control over financial reporting may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.



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Opinion

In our opinion, to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the Company has, in all material respects, an adequate internal financial controls system over financial reporting and such internal financial controls over financial reporting were operating effectively as at March 31, 2021, based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India.

For P C N & Associates,

Chartered Accountants

Firm's Registration No: 016016S

M. Mohana saradhi

Partner

Membership No: 244686

UDIN: 21244686AAAACG6950

Place: Hyderabad

Date: 28-06-2021



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ANNEXURE 'B' TO THE INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

(Referred to in paragraph 2 under 'Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements' section of our report to the Members of VIRINCHI HEALTHCARE PRIVATE LIMITED of even date

In respect of the Company's Property, Plant& Equipment:

- (a) The Company has maintained proper records showing full particulars, including quantitative details and situation of Property, Plant & Equipment.
- (b) The Company has a program of verification to cover all the items of fixed assets in a phased manner which, in our opinion, is reasonable having regard to the size of the Company and the nature of its assets: Pursuant to the program, certain fixed assets were physically verified by the management during the year. According to the information and explanations given to us, no material discrepancies were noticed on suchverification.
- (c) According to the information and explanations given to us, the records examined by us based on the examination of the title deeds of immovable properties, they are held in the name of the company.
- ii. The physical verification of inventory has been conducted at reasonable intervals by the management during the year and no material discrepancies were noticed on such verification.
- iii. The company has not granted any loans, secured or unsecured, to companies, firms, and Limited Liability partnerships or other parties covered in the register maintained under section 189 of the Companies Act, 2013. Accordingly, reporting under clause 3 (iii) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- iv. The company has not granted any loans or made Investment or provided any guarantee or security to the parties covered under section 185 and 186 of the Companies Act, 2013.
- v. The Company has not accepted deposits during the year and does not have any unclaimed deposits as at March 31, 2021and therefore, the provisions of the clause (v) of the Order are not applicable to the Company.
- vi. The maintenance of cost records has been specified by the Central Government under section148(1) of the Companies Act, 2013 for the business activities carried out by the Company. The company has been maintaining the applicable cost records.
- vii. According to the information and explanations given to us, in respect of statutory dues:
 - (a) The Company has generally been regular in depositing undisputed statutory dues including Provident Fund, Employees' State Insurance, Income Tax, Goods and Service Tax, asapplicable to it with the appropriate authorities.
 - (b) There were no undisputed amounts payable in respect of Provident Fund, Employees' State Insurance, Income Tax, Goods and Service Tax, Customs Duty, Cess and other material statutory dues in arrears as at March 31, 2021 for a period of



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more than six months from the date they became payable.

(c) According to the information and explanation given to us and based on the records of the company examined by us, there are no dues of Income Tax, Goods and Service Tax and Customs Dutywhich have not been deposited as at March 31, 2021on account of any dispute.

- viii. In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, the Company has regular in the repayment of loans or borrowings to financial institutions and banks. The Company has not issued any debentures.
- ix. The Company has not raised moneys by way of initial public offer or further public offer (including debt instruments) or term loansand hence reporting under clause 3 (ix) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- x. To the best of our knowledge and according to the information and explanations given tous, no fraud by the Company or no material fraud on the Company by its officers or employees has been noticed or reported during theyear.
- In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given tous, the Companyhas not paid/provided managerial remuneration.
- xii. The Company is not a Nidhi Company and hence reporting under clause 3 (xii) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- xiii. In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, the Company is in compliance with Section 177 and 188 of the Companies Act, 2013 where applicable, for all transactions with the related parties and the details of related party transactions have been disclosed in thefinancial statements as required by the applicable accountingstandards.
- xiv. During the year, the Company has not made any preferential allotment or private placement of shares or fully or partly paid convertible debentures and hence reporting under clause 3 (xiv) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- xv. In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, during the year, the Company has not entered into any non-cash transactions with its Directors or persons connected to its directors and hence provisions of section 192 of the Companies Act, 2013 are not applicable to the Company.



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xvi.

The Company is not required to be registered under section 45-IA of the Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934.

For P C N & Associates,

Chartered Accountants

Firm's Registration No: 016016S

M. Mohana Saradhi

Partner

Membership No: 244686

UDIN: 21244686AAAACG6950

Place: Hyderabad

Date: 25-06-2021

VIRINCHI	HEALTHCARE I	PVT LTD	
BALANCE SHE	EET AS AT 31st N	1ARCH 2021	
PARTICULARS	NOTE NO	As At 31/03/2021	As At 31/03/2020
1) NON CURRENT ASSETS		-51002 950-040104000	
Property, Plant and Equipment	1	2,01,68,47,909	2,02,21,58,715
Right of Use Asset	1	49,17,80,020	1 and 1 and 44 and 45 a
Intangible Assets	1	1,73,23,301	2,43,32,582
Capital Work in Progress		033	15,87,898
Financial Assets	1	VII 2014040404040	
Non Current Investments	2	6,33,000	
Deferred tax assets		12	11,08,75,995
Loans	3	68,84,930	6,76,90,571
Other Non Current Assets	4	64,02,778	73,47,016
2) CURRENT ASSETS			
Inventory	1	12,35,68,174	9,63,65,011
Financial Assets			
Trade Receivables	5	16,50,37,123	18,78,07,237
Cash and Cash Equivalents	6	14,44,83,028	4,80,62,375
Loans	7	8,59,34,315	81,37,113
Other Current Assets	8	5,73,72,721	6,21,50,376
Total Assets		3,11,62,67,300	2,63,65,14,889
EQUITY AND LIABILITIES			
Equity			
Share Capital	9	5,43,59,780	5,43,59,780
Other Equity	10	42,68,62,732	71,65,69,979
(1) Non-Current Liabilities			
Financial Liabilities	1000		
Borrowings	11	1,48,07,68,963	1,50,31,32,636
Provisions	12	1,69,15,232	1,39,01,154
Deferred Tax Liability	13	1,08,68,395	
Lease Liability	14	66,70,69,044	
(2) Current Liablities			
Financial Liabilities			
Borrowings	15	28,63,75,925	18,10,61,467
Trade Payables	16	6,11,12,892	7,55,54,750
Provisions	17	11,19,34,337	9,19,35,122

Total

Notes referred to above form an integral part of the Financial Statements

Hyderabad

As per our Report of Even Date

FOR PCN & Associates

Chartered Accountants

Firm Registration No.016016S

M. Mohana Sarradhi

Partner

M. No. 244686

Place: Hyderabad Date: 28th June 2021 For and on behalf of the Board For Virinchi Healthcare Pvt/Ltd

3,11,62,67,300

M.V.Srinivasa Rao

Director

DIN: 00816334

K. Sri Kalyan Director

2,63,65,14,889

DIN: 03137506

Ravindranath Tagore Kolli

(Company Secretary)

M No.A18894

M/s. VIRINCHI HEALTI	William Co. Co.		2021
STATEMENT OF PROFIT & LOSS FOR TH Particulars	Note	Year Ended	Year Ended
Particulars	No	31/03/2021	31/03/2020
	18	1,60,85,19,229	1,62,08,73,540
Revenue from operations	19	39,96,203	28,40,334
Other Income	19	1,61,25,15,432	1,62,37,13,874
Total Income		1,61,25,13,432	1,02,37,13,074
Expenses:	20	26,02,83,124	24,92,29,293
Purchases	20		(1,14,72,563)
Changes in Inventory	0.1	(2,96,25,598)	30,02,32,958
Employee Benefit Expenses	21	25,03,64,918	하는 아내면 없는 그녀들이 하다 그게
Depreciation	1	20,66,90,298	15,95,03,427
Amortisation Expenses	200 00-000	9,50,208	2,31,365
Finance Cost	22	26,05,78,315	14,31,33,757
Administrative Expenses and Other Operating Expenses	23	62,22,26,413	73,06,52,797
Total Expenses	1 1	1,57,14,67,677	1,57,15,11,034
Profit before exceptional and extraordinary items and tax		4,10,47,755	5,22,02,840
Exceptional Items			
Profit before extraordinary items and tax	1 1	4,10,47,755	5,22,02,840
Prior Period Items	1 1	3,47,21,941	2000 VI 90
Profit Before Tax		63,25,814	5,22,02,840
		88588888	(34) (34) (4) (4) (4) (4) (4) (4) (4) (4) (4) (
Tax expense: Current Tax	1 1	70,43,795	87,13,852
Deferred tax Liability/(Asset)	1 1	12,17,44,390	(10,15,74,982)
Profit(Loss) from the period from continuing operations		(12,24,62,371)	14,50,63,970
		(12,24,62,371)	14,50,63,970
Profit/(Loss) for the period		(12,21,02,011)	7.360.760.760.000.
Minority Interest Total Comprehensive Income (Net of Tax)		(12,24,62,371)	14,50,63,970
		(12/21/02/01/1)	3834 43 10
Earning Per Equity Share:		(22.53)	26.69
(1) Basic		(22.53)	26.69
(2) Diluted		(22,00)	

Notes referred to above form an integral part of the Financial Statements

FRN:016016S

As per our Report of Even Date

FOR PCN & Associates

Chartered Accountants

Firm Registration No.016016S

M. Mohana Sarradhi *

Partner

M. No. 244686

For and on behalf of the Board

For Virinchi Healthcare Pv. Ltd

M.V.Srinivasa Rao

K. Sri Kalyan Director

Director

DIN: 00816334

DIN: 03137506

Ravindranath Tagord Kolli (Company Secretary) M No.A18894

Place: Hyderabad Date: 28th June 2021

M/s. VIRINCHI HEALTHCARE PE Cash Flow Statement for the Year End		
Particulars		March 2020 (Rs In Lakhs)
Cash Flow from Operating Activities:		
Net Profit/ (Loss) before taxation and extraordinary items	4,10,47,755	5,22,02,840
Adjustments for:		
Depreciation	20,66,90,298	15,95,03,422
Amortization expenses	9,50,208	
Interest expenses	26,05,78,315	14,31,33,75
Changes in Reserves on account of Leased Assets	(7,16,45,218)	
Operating Profit before Working Capital Changes	43,76,21,357	35,48,40,02
Working Capital Changes		
Trade and Other Receivables Including Inventory	(9,51,73,278)	
Trade and Other Payables	79,18,23,333	76,65,57
Cash Generated from Operations	1,13,42,71,413	28,58,37,74
Interest paid	26,05,78,315	14,31,33,75
Taxation for the year	12,87,88,185	(9,28,61,13
Net Cash from Operating Activities	74,49,04,913	23,55,65,12
Cash Flow from Investing Activities:		
Purchase of Fixed Assets	(62,61,20,586)	
Capital Reserve arising on Slump Sale		6,34,36,19
Net Cash used in Investing Activities	(62,61,20,586)	(59,96,09,74
Cash Flow From Financial Activities:		
Proceeds from Equity Shares	140 E	
Net Proceeds from Borrowings	(2,23,63,673)	
Net Cash used in Financing Activities	(2,23,63,673)	35,33,95,36
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents	9,64,20,654	(1,06,49,25
Cash and Cash equivalents as at Beginning of the Year	4,80,62,374	
Cash and Cash equivalents as at End of the Year	14,44,83,028	4,80,62,37

As per our Report of Even Date

For and on behalf of the Board For Virinchi Healthcare Pvt Ltd

FOR PCN & Associates

Chartered Accountants Firm Registration No.016016S

M. Mohana Sarradh Hyderabad

Partner

M. No. 244686

Place: Hyderabad

Date: 28th June 2021

M.V.Srinivasa Rao

Director

DIN: 00816334

K.Sri Kalyan

Director

DIN: 03137506

Ravindranath Tagore Kolli

(Company Secretary) M No.A18894

					Note No.1 Property	Property, Plant and Equipment	ment				
			Gross Block	400			Depreciation/Amortization	mortization		Net Block	lock
Sl. No.	Particulars	As on 01.04.2020	Additions during the year	Deletions During the Year	As on 31,03,2021	Dep. As on 01.04.2020	Depreciation For the year ended 31.03.2021	Slump Sale Depreciation	Total Depreciation	Net Block as on 31.03.2021	Net Block as on 31.03.2020
,	Building	80 55 01 197	1 11 84 624		90,66,85,821	9,19,83,008	2,94,43,611		12,14,26,619	78,52,59,202	80,35,18,244
٠,	Summing	13 30 63 607	2 40 511		13 23 33 408	3,70,27,333	78,98,462	23,74,539	4,73,00,334	8,50,33,074	9,50,56,564
4 6	Electrical equipment	19,20,03,037	12,53,377	0000	19,30,59,847	5,57,57,098	1,21,83,239	26,99,369	7,06,39,706	12,24,20,141	13,60,48,362
, ,	Unanius Carinment	1 27 00 50 323	14 96 31 722		1.42.05,82,045	33,02,58,799	6,04,62,013	4,68,28,047	43,75,48,859	98,30,33,186	94,06,91,524
	nospital Equipment	4.43.39.52	231.474		4.45,61,005	1,04,60,178	29,30,892	15,82,753	1,49,73,823	2,95,87,182	3,38,69,353
n u	Office Faminates	1 88 92 767	4.841		1,88,97,608	89,59,604	24,02,296	,	1,13,61,900	75,35,708	99,33,163
D [Ornce aquipment	48 92 690	10.38.614		59,31,304	31,82,275	6,95,952	•	38,78,227	20,53,077	17,10,415
. 0	Computer Hardware	2.37.41.014	8.38.076	100	2,45,79,090	2,24,09,925	2,42,826	(·	2,26,52,751	19,26,339	13,31,089
	Pight to use secof		52.17.17,694	100	52,17,17,694		2,99,37,674	-	2,99,37,674	49,17,80,020	•
10	Computer Software	3,93,37,534		·	3,93,37,534	1,50,05,608	4,63,986	65,44,639	2,20,14,233	1,73,23,301	2,43,32,583
F	CWIP			89				200000	TO A LO MA CH	050 50 50 00 00	2 0.4 80 79 195
Ī	TOTAL	2 62 15 35 423	68.61.49.933		3.30.76.85,356	57,50,43,828	14,66,60,951	6,00,29,347	78,17,34,125	UC2,15,85,26,2	4,00',00's

Note No. 2 Non Current Investments

PARTICULARS	As At 31/03/2021	As At 31/03/2020
Investment in Shri Ram Chits	6,33,000	-
Total Non Current Investments	6,33,000	4

Note No. 3 Loans

PARTICULARS	As At 31/03/2021	As At 31/03/2020
Unsecured		anasasas T a
Deposits	68,84,930	6,76,90,571
Total Long Term Loans and Advances	68,84,930	6,76,90,571

Note No. 4 Other Non Current Assets

PARTICULARS	As At 31/03/2021	As At 31/03/2020
Unamortised Expenses	64,02,778	73,47,016
Total Other Non Current Assets	64,02,778	73,47,016

Note No. 5 Trade Receivables

PARTICULARS	As At 31/03/2021	As At 31/03/2020
Unsecured, Considered Good	16,50,37,123	18,78,07,237
Total Trade Receivables	16,50,37,123	18,78,07,237

Note No. 6 Cash and Cash Equivalents

PARTICULARS	As At 31/03/2021	As At 31/03/2020
a) Balances with banks:		
Current Accounts	4,98,99,946	49,65,408
b) Cash on hand	2,00,71,079	6,23,149
Sub Total	6,99,71,025	55,88,558
Other Bank Balances		
On Deposit Accounts	1 1	
12 Months from date of deposit	7,45,12,003	4,24,73,817
Sub Total	7,45,12,003	4,24,73,817
Total Cash and Cash Equivalents	14,44,83,028	4,80,62,375

Note No. 7 Loans

PARTICULARS	As At 31/03/2021	As At 31/03/2020
Unsecured Advances to Group Companies	8,85,54,803	10,00,000
Advances to Virinchi Subsidiaries	(3,24,64,426)	(10,61,73,685)
Banjara hills	6,93,62,510	7
Barkatpura	(8,91,84,532)	
Hayathnagar	4,96,65,960	
Other Loans and Advances		11,33,10,790
Total Short Term Loans and Advances	8,59,34,315	81,37,113

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Note No. 8 Other Current Assets

PARTICULARS	As At 31/03/2021	As At 31/03/2020
Salary and Travel Advances	1,93,58,875	1,40,80,890
TDS Receivable	3,71,41,696	4,73,94,497
Prepaid Expenses	8,72,150	6,74,988
Total Other Current Assets	5,73,72,721	6,21,50,376

Note No. 9 Share Capital

PARTICULARS	As At 31/03/2021	As At 31/03/2020
Share Capital	5,43,59,780	5,43,59,780
Total Equity Share capital	5,43,59,780	5,43,59,780

Note No. 10 Reserves and Other Equity

PARTICULARS	As At 31/03/2021	As At 31/03/2020
a) Securities Premium Reserve As at the commencement of the year	54,15,97,800	54,15,97,800
Add: Additions during the year	54,15,97,800	54,15,97,800
Capital Reserve arised on Merger of Hospitals	11,94,21,199	11,94,21,199
b) Surplus : i) Opening Balance - Profit and Loss Account Lease Liability OP	5,55,50,980 (16,72,44,875)	(8,95,13,144)
Add: Transfer from Profit & Loss Account	(12,24,62,372) (23,41,56,267)	14,50,64,124 5,55,50,980
Total Reserves and Surplus	42,68,62,732	71,65,69,979

Note No. 11 Borrowings

PARTICULARS	As At 31/03/2021	As At 31/03/2020
Long Term Borrowings		
Secured		
a) Term Loans:		
From Banks	***************************************	
M/s. Canara Bank, IF Branch, Hyderabad	31,06,12,834	24,73,19,292
M/s. Central Bank of India, Koti, Hyderabad	22,72,87,604	19,38,60,705
M/s. Lakshmi Vilas Bank, Marredpally, Secunderabad	7,05,55,129	6,83,87,402
M/s. Oriental Bank of Commerce, Ameerpet, Hyderal	9,82,72,337	8,14,23,760
Less: Principal Repayable in next 12 Months	(6,51,60,000)	(3,34,10,000)
(Hypothecation of Machinery such as Medical equipment, Furniture and Fixtures, Office Equipment, Air Conditioners, Collateral Security of Land and Buildings, Personal Gurantee of Promoters of Holding Companies and Corporate gurantee of Holding company) (Collateral property and Corporate Gurantee details given in Notes)	(8,99,44,348)	(1,41,15,544)
Equipment Loans	9,92,46,652	17,55,53,732
Vehicle Loans	6,08,380	8,15,108
b) Other Loans and Advances	: (####################################	00 to
VI COLLEGE DONNE COLLEGE COLLE	#	5.0
Slump Sale	50,85,86,499	50,85,86,499
Payable to Virinchi Limited	32,07,03,876	27,47,11,682
Holding Company and Related Parties	- anno in a markatal al del	
Other Unsecured Loans	-	
Borrowings	1,48,07,68,963	1,50,31,32,636

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Note No. 12 Long Term Provisions

PARTICULARS	As At 31/03/2021	As At 31/03/2020
Provisions for employee benefits - Provision for Gratuity	1,69,15,232	1,39,01,154
Total Provisions	1,69,15,232	1,39,01,154

Note No. 13 Deferred Tax Liability

PARTICULARS	As At 31/03/2021	As At 31/03/2020
Opening Deferred Tax Liability	(11,08,75,995)	(93,01,014)
Add: Deferred Tax Liability for the Year	12,17,44,390	(10,15,74,982)
Total Deferred Tax Liability	1,08,68,395	(11,08,75,995)

Note No. 14 Lease Liability

PARTICULARS	As At . 31/03/2021	As At 31/03/2020
Lease Liability	66,70,69,044	鄞
Total Trade Payables	66,70,69,044	•

Note No. 15 Borrowings

Note No. 13 Dollowings	As At	As At
PARTICULARS	31/03/2021	31/03/2020
a) Loans repayable on demand		
From Banks	5. s-800AN	
Secured	13,12,71,577	13,35,35,923
Term Loan repayable in next 12 months		2
Consortium Bank TL	6,51,60,000	3,34,10,000
Equipment Finance	8,99,44,348	1,41,15,544
Unsecured		- 52
Total Borrowings	28,63,75,925	18,10,61,467

Note No. 16 Trade Payables

PARTICULARS	As At 31/03/2021	As At 31/03/2020
Trade Payables	6,11,12,892	7,55,54,750
Total Trade Payables	6,11,12,892	7,55,54,750

Note No. 17 Short Term Provisions

PARTICULARS	As At 31/03/2021	As At 31/03/2020
a) Provisions For Employee Benefits	1,76,75,179	2,23,04,773
b) Provisions For Taxes	5,34,17,520	2,98,48,599
c) Others Statutory Liabilities	- 4,08,41,638	3,97,81,749
Total Short Term Provisions	11,19,34,337	9,19,35,122

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NOTE NO. 18: REVENUE FROM OPERATIONS

Particulars	Year Ended 31/03/2021	Year Ended 31/03/2020
Revenue from Operations	2.00-450-000 XXXXX	
(a) Revenue from Services	1,34,65,50,559	1,35,63,95,207
(b) Pharmacy Sale	25,65,77,019	25,40,12,802
(a) Revenue from Other Services	15,63,105	73,83,781
(c) Sale of Food Items	38,28,546	30,81,750
Total Revenue from Operations	1,60,85,19,229	1,62,08,73,539

NOTE NO. 19: OTHER INCOME

Particulars	Year Ended 31/03/2021	Year Ended 31/03/2020
(a) Interest Income	39,96,203	28,40,334
Total Other Income	39,96,203	28,40,334

NOTE NO. 20 : PURCHASE

Particulars	Year Ended 31/03/2021	Year Ended 31/03/2020
Pharmacy Purchases	26,02,83,124	24,92,29,293
-	26,02,83,124	24,92,29,293

NOTE NO. 21 : EMPLOYEE BENEFIT EXPENSES

Particulars	Year Ended 31/03/2021	Year Ended 31/03/2020
(a) Salaries & Wages (b) Contribution to Employees (c) Staff Welfare Exp	23,04,19,614 1,46,40,514 53,04,790	27,20,80,501 2,17,34,666 64,17,791
Total Employee Benefit Expenses	25,03,64,918	30,02,32,958

NOTE NO. 22: FINANCE COST

Particulars	Year Ended 31/03/2021	Year Ended 31/03/2020
Finance Cost	26,05,78,315	14,31,33,757
Total Finance Cost	26,05,78,315	14,31,33,757

NOTE NO. 23: ADMINISTRATIVE AND OTHER OPERATING EXPENSES

Particulars	Year Ended 31/03/2021	Year Ended 31/03/2020
(a) Power & Fuel	4,19,48,328	5,12,33,624
(b) Rent	1,49,40,290	11,15,89,766
(c) Repairs and other Maintenance	2,40,19,244	1,53,00,958
(d) Insurance	9,82,584	3,89,632
(e) Telephone, Postage and Others	23,29,200	90,36,393
(f) Marketing and Business Promotion Expenses	1,23,45,251	79,45,163
(g) Office Maintenance	4,31,75,820	6,39,18,180
(h) Travelling and Accomodation Expenses	91,59,805	1,14,32,247
(i) Professional Fee	42,37,90,111	42,50,29,352
(j) Printing & Stationery Expenses	42,28,561	96,07,516
(k) Rates & Taxes	3,57,41,745	82,69,107
(I)Disallowances and Network Hospital Discount	93,88,474	1,67,82,859
(m) Payment to Auditors:	AREA SERVICE STORES	AND THE MA
(i) As Auditor	1,77,000	1,18,000
Total Administrative and Other Operating Expenses	62,22,26,413	73,06,52,797

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a. Equity Share Capital			() [6)	No. of Shares	Amount
Polymore of 21 March 2020			Vic	54,35,978	5,43,59,780
Balance as at 31 March 2021				54,35,978	5,43,59,780
b. Other equity			Country		
Particulars	Capital Reserve	Securities General Premium Reserve	General	Retained Earnings	Total
At 1 April 2019	-	54,15,97,800	2.9	(8,95,12,989)	50,80,69,811
Additions / Profit for the year Other comprehensive income	6,34,36,199	15.	E 25	14,50,65,970	
OCOC TOTAL	11,94,21,199	54,15,97,800	•	5,55,50,981	71,65,69,980
Additions / Profit for the year Other Comprehensive Income		B	•	(28,97,07,247)	(28.97,07,247)
Balance as of 31 March 2021	11,94,21,199	54,15,97,800	•	(23,41,56,266)	42,68,62,733
The accompanying notes are an integral part of the Standalone Financial Statements. As per our report of even date FOR PCN & Associates		For and on behalf of the Board VIRINCIII HEALTHCARE PVT LTD	alf of the Boz ALTHCARE	AH	
Chartered Accountants				<u>田</u>	HYDERABAD)
50.0	¥	iv. L	7	Sur.	
CC CC S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S	Ä	M.V.Srinivasa Rao	9	K. Sri Kalyan	
(C) (Hyderabad (S))		Director DIN-00816334		Director	>
Signal Accounting	T.	7	. Bone		
		Ravindranath Tagore Kolli	Tagore Kol	_	
Place: Hyderabad		(Company Secretary)	retary)		

NOTE 24

Directors Remuneration

Particulars	For Year Ended March 31,2021 (Rs)	For Year Ended March 31,2020 (Rs)
Directors Remuneration	NIL	NIL

NOTE 25

Particulars	For Year Ended March 31,2021(Rs)	For Year Ended March 31,2020(Rs)
Auditors remuneration	1,77,000	1,18,000

NOTE 26: Earning per Share

The earning considered in ascertaining the companies earning per share comprise net profit after tax. The number of shares used in computing basic earnings per share is the weighted average number of shares outstanding during the year.

Particulars	2020-21	2019-20
Profit available for the equity Shareholders (Rs)	(12,24,62,372)	14,50,63,970
No. of equity shares outstanding for EPS Basic	54,35,978	54,35,978
No, of equity shares outstanding, of EPS-Diluted	54,35,978	54,35,978
Basic (Rs)	(22.53)	26.69
Diluted (Rs)	(22.53)	26.69

NOTE 27:

List of Related Parties:

1) Virinchi Limited - Holding Company

2) Key management personnel

S.NO.	NAME	Designation
1	M.V.Srinivasa Rao	Director
2	K.Sri Kalyan	Director
3	K.Ravindranath Tagore	Company Secretary

Related Party Transactions.

All related transaction that are entered into during the financial year were on arm's length basis and were in the ordinary course of business. There are no materially significant related party transactions made by the company with the promoters, directors, key managerial personnel or other designated persons which may have a potential conflict with the interest of company at large

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The followings are Related party Transaction:

Particulars	Nature of transaction	Current year (Rs)	Previous year (Rs)
Virinchi Limited	Slump Sale	0	5,28,61,499

S. No.	Name of the Related Party	Relationship	Amount Outstanding as on 31-03-2021
1	Virinchi Limited	Holding Company	82,92,90,375

NOTE: 28

Details of collateral security, corporate guarantee and Personal Guarantee:

- 11.875 Acres freehold industrial land located at SY No103 Lakshmakkapally, Mulugu Mandal ,Medak District in the name of M/S.Vivo Biotech Ltd.
- 7 Acres 5 Guntas of freehold industrial land located at sy No.159, Janwada Village, Shankerpally Mandal, Ranga Reddy District in the name of Mr. ViswanathKompella.
- Plot No. 76& 77, Balamrai Co-operative Housing Society, Mahendra Hills, East Marredpally, Secunderabad -26 in the name of Mr. Viswanath Kompella.
- Plot No. 78, Balamrai Co-operative Housing Society, Mahendra Hills, East Marredpally, Secunderabad -26 in the name of Mr. Viswanath Kompella.
- Plot No. 88, Balamrai Co-operative Housing Society, Mahendra Hills, East Marredpally, Secunderabad -26 in the name of Mr. Viswanath Kompella.
- Plot No. 74, Balamrai Co-operative Housing Society, Mahendra Hills, East Marredpally, Secunderabad -26 in the name of Mr. Viswanath Kompella.
- Plot No. 227, Balamrai Co-operative Housing Society, Mahendra Hills, East Marredpally, Secunderabad -26 in the name of M/s. Shri Shri Resorts Pvt Ltd.

Open non-agricultural land admeasuring 2 Acres 31 Guntas at S.no 438 P, Devar Yamjal, Hakimpet, Shameerpet Mandal, R.R Dist in the name of M/s.Virinchi limited.

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- Commercial Flat admeasuring 2700 Sq.ft, Flat No. 308-A, Ashoka Metropolitan (Virinchi Hospitals), Road NO.12, Banjara Hills , Hyderabad, in the name of M/s. Virinchi Limited.
- Residential House land admeasuring 324.44 Sq Yards at Plot No 227, Balamrai Society, Mahendra Hills, West Maredpally, Secunderabad, in the name of M/s Iragavarapu Constructions Pvt Ltd.
- Open Plot admeasuring 400Sq Yards at Plot No 522, Ashoka Colony, Kapra, Keesara Mandal, R.R District, in the name of Smt. Madhavi latha Kompella

Corporate Guarantee taken from: M/S. Virinchi Limited

M/s Vivo Biotech limited

Personal guarantee Taken from:

Mr. Viswanath Kompella

Mrs. Madhavi Latha Kompella

NOTE 29:

Previous year's figures have been regrouped wherever necessary.

Note 30:

The figures have been rounded off to the nearest rupee.

Hyderabad

As per our report of even date

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

of Virinchi Health Care Pvt Ltd

For P C N & Associates.,

Chartered Accountants

FRN: 016016S

M. Mohana Saradhi

Partner

M.No.244686

Place: Hyderabad

Date: 28th June 2020

M.V.Srinivasa Rao

Director

DIN: 00816334

K. SRI KALYAN

Director

DIN: 03137506

VIRINCHI HEALTH CARE PVT LTD

Notes and other explanatory information to financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2021.

1. Basis of preparation

This note provides a list of the significant accounting policies adopted in the preparation of these financial statements. These policies have been consistently applied to all the years presented, unless otherwise stated.

(i) Compliance with Ind AS

The financial statements comply in all material aspects with Indian Accounting Standards (Ind AS) notified under Section 133 of the Companies Act, 2013 (the Act) read with Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015, 2016 & 2017 and other relevant provisions of the Act.

(ii) Historical cost convention

The financial statements have been prepared on a historical cost basis, except for the following:

 Certain financial assets and liabilities (including derivative instruments) and contingent consideration that is measured at fair value;

1.1 Summary of significant accounting policies

I. Significant Accounting Estimates and Judgments

Estimates, assumptions concerning the future and judgments are made in the preparation of the financial statements. They affect the application of the Company's accounting policies, reporting amounts of assets, liabilities, income and expense and disclosures made. Although these estimates are based on management's best knowledge of current events and actions, actual result may differ from those estimates.

II. Property, Plant and Equipment

All items of property, plant and equipment are initially recorded at cost. The cost of an item of plant and equipment is recognized as an asset if, and only if, it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the Company and the cost of the item can be measured reliably.

Cost includes its purchase price (after deducting trade discounts and rebates), import duties & non-refundable purchase taxes, any costs directly attributable to bringing the asset to the location & condition necessary for it to be capable of operating in the manner intended by management, borrowing costs on qualifying assets and asset retirement costs. When parts of an item of property, plant and equipment have different useful lives, they are accounted for as separate items (major components) of property, plant and equipment.

The cost of replacing a part of an item of property, plant and equipment is capitalized if it is probable that the future economic benefits of the part will flow to the Company and that its cost can be measured reliably. The carrying amount of the replaced part is derecognized.

Costs of day to day repairs and maintenance costs are recognized into the statement of profit and loss account as incurred.

Subsequent to recognition, property, plant and equipment are measured at cost less accumulated depreciation and any accumulated impairment losses.

The carrying values of property, plant and equipment are reviewed for impairment when events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying value may not be recoverable.

The residual values, estimated useful lives and depreciation method are reviewed at each financial year-end, and adjusted prospectively, if appropriate.

Assets under installation or under construction as at the Balance Sheet date are shown as Capital Work in Progress.

Depreciation

Depreciation is provided on Straight Line Method, as per the provisions of schedule II of the Companies Act, 2013 or based on useful life estimated on the technical assessment. Asset class wise useful lives in years are as under:

Electrical Equipment, Furniture and Fixture,

Medical Equipment

12

Building Interiors

10

Plant & Machinery, Vehicles

6

Office Equipment

5

Computer Hardware

3

III. In respect of additions / deletions to the fixed assets / leasehold improvements, depreciation is charged from the date the asset is ready to use / up to the date of Intangible Assets

Intangible assets are recognized when it is probable that the future economic benefits that are attributable to the asset will flow to the enterprise and the cost of the asset can be measured reliably.

IV. Financial Assets

Financial assets comprise of investments in equity and debt securities, trade receivables, cash and cash equivalents and other financial assets.

Initial recognition:

All financial assets are recognized initially at fair value. Purchases or sales of financial asset that require delivery of assets within a time frame established by regulation or convention in the market place (regular way trades) are recognized on the trade date, i.e., the date that the company commits to purchase or sell the assets.

Subsequent Measurement:

(i) Financial assets measured at amortized cost:

Financial assets held within a business model whose objective is to hold financial assets in order to collect contractual cash flows and the contractual terms of the financial assets give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding are measured at amortised cost using effective interest rate (EIR) method. The EIR amortization is recognised as finance income in the Statement of Profit and Loss.

The Company while applying above criteria has classified the following at amortised cost:

- a) Trade receivable
- b) Cash and cash equivalents
- c) Other Financial Asset

V. (i) Impairment of Financial Assets:

Financial assets are tested for impairment based on the expected credit losses.

(i) Trade Receivables

An impairment analysis is performed at each reporting date. The expected credit losses over life time of the asset are estimated by adopting the simplified approach using a provision matrix which is based on historical loss rates reflecting current condition and forecasts of future economic conditions. In this approach assets are grouped on the basis of similar credit characteristics such as industry, customer segment, past due status and other factors which are relevant to estimate the expected cash loss from these assets.

(ii) Other financial assets

Other financial assets are tested for impairment based on significant change in credit risk since initial recognition and impairment is measured based on probability of default over the life time when there is significant increase in credit risk.

V. (ii) Impairment of Non-Financial Assets

At each reporting date, the Company assesses whether there is any indication that an asset may be impaired. Where an indicator of impairment exists, the company makes a formal estimate of recoverable amount. Where the carrying amount of an asset exceeds its recoverable amount the asset is considered impaired and is written down to its recoverable amount.

Recoverable amount is the greater of fair value less costs to sell and value in use. It is determined for an individual asset, unless the asset does not generate cash inflows that are largely independent of those from other assets or groups of assets, in which case, the recoverable amount is determined for the cash-generating unit to which the asset belongs.

In assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset.

VI. Inventories

Stock in Trade valued at lower of cost of purchase or Net realizable value. Net realizable value is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business, less estimated costs necessary to make the sale.

VII. Cash and Cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash at bank and in hand and short-term investments with an original maturity of three months or less. Deposits with banks subsequently measured at amortized cost and short term investments are measured at fair value through Profit & Loss account.

VIII. Share Capital

Equity shares are classified as equity.

IX. Financial Liabilities

Initial recognition and measurement

Financial liabilities are recognized when, and only when, the Company becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the financial instrument. The company determines the classification of its financial liabilities at initial recognition.

All financial liabilities are recognized initially at fair value plus any directly attributable transaction costs, such as loan processing fees and issue expenses.

Subsequent measurement - at amortised cost

After initial recognition, financial liabilities are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method. Gains and losses are recognised in profit or loss when the liabilities are de recognised, and through the amortization process.

De recognition

A financial liability is de recognised when the obligation under the liability is discharged or cancelled or expired. When an existing financial liability is replaced by another from the same lender on substantially different terms, or the terms of an existing liability are substantially modified, such an exchange or modification is treated as a de recognition of the original liability and the recognition of a new liability, and the difference in the respective carrying amounts is recognised in profit or loss.

X. Borrowing Costs

Borrowing costs directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of an asset that necessarily takes a substantial period of time to get ready for its intended use

or sale are capitalized as part of the cost of the respective asset. All other borrowing costs are expensed in the period they occur. Borrowing costs consist of interest, exchange differences arising from foreign currency borrowings to the extent they are regarded as an adjustment to the interest cost and other costs that an entity incurs in connection with the borrowing of funds.

Investment income earned on the temporary investment of specific borrowings pending their expenditure on qualifying assets is deducted from the borrowing costs eligible for capitalization.

XI. Employee Benefits

- Employee benefits are charged to the statement of Profit and Loss for the year.
- Gratuity provision is creating and accounted on monthly basis.

XII. Income Taxes

Income tax expense is comprised of current and deferred taxes. Current and deferred tax is recognized in net income except to the extent that it relates to a business combination, or items recognized directly in equity or in other comprehensive income.

Current income taxes for the current period, including any adjustments to tax payable in respect of previous years, are recognized and measured at the amount expected to be recovered from or payable to the taxation authorities based on the tax rates that are enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period.

Deferred income tax assets and liabilities are recognized for temporary differences between the financial statement carrying amounts of existing assets and liabilities and their respective tax bases using the tax rates that are expected to apply in the period in which the deferred tax asset or liability is expected to settle, based on the laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are not recognized if the temporary difference arises from goodwill or from the initial recognition (other than in a business combination) of other assets and liabilities in a transaction that affects neither the taxable income nor the accounting income. Deferred tax assets are generally recognized for all deductible temporary differences to the extent that it is probable that taxable income will be available against which they can be utilized. Deferred tax assets are reviewed at each reporting date and reduced accordingly to the extent that it is no longer probable that they can be utilized.

The Company restricts recognition of deferred tax assets to the extent that it has become

reasonably certain, that sufficient future taxable income will be available against which such deferred tax assets can be realized. For recognition of deferred taxes, the temporary differences which originate first are considered to reverse first.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset when there is legally enforceable right of offset current tax assets and liabilities when the deferred tax balances relate to the same taxation authority. Current tax asset and liabilities are offset where the entity has legally enforceable right to offset and intends either to settle on a net basis, or to realize the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

XIV. Leases

Current Year Impact of IndAS 116 is follows:

- (i) Financial Charges on Leased Assets is Rs. 10.29 Cr
- (ii) Amortization cost on Right of Use Asset is Rs. 2.99 Cr
- (iii) Additional Charge to P&L during the current financial year due to adoption of INDAS 116 is Rs 3.63cr

XIII. Provisions, Contingent Liabilities and Contingent Assets

Provisions

A provision is recognized if, as a result of a past event, the Company has a present legal or constructive obligation that can be estimated reliably, and it is probable that an outflow of economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation.

Liquidated Damages/Discounts or disallowances on claim settlement with corporate and insurance clients including TPA are recognized at the time of settlement of claims.

Contingent Liabilities Contingent liability is disclosed in case of

- A present obligation arising from past events, when it is not probable that an outflow of resources will be required to settle the obligation;
- A present obligation arising from past events, when no reliable estimate is possible;
- A possible obligation arising from past events whose existence will be confirmed by the occurrence or non-occurrence of one or more uncertain future events beyond the control of the company where the probability of outflow of resources is not remote.

Contingent Assets

Contingent assets are not recognized but disclosed in the financial statements when as inflow of economic benefits is probable

XIV. Revenue Recognition

The Company's revenues are derived from sale of goods and services.

Sale of Services

Service income is recognized as and when the underlying services are performed. There was no change in the point of recognition of revenue upon adoption of Ind AS 115. Upfront non refundable payments received under these arrangements continue to be deferred and are recognized over the expected period that related services are to be performed.

Sale of goods

Revenue from sale of goods is recognized where control is transferred to the Company's customers at the time of shipment to or receipt of goods by the customers. There was no change in the point of recognition of revenue upon adoption of Ind AS 115.

Revenue from Healthcare Services:

Revenue from patients is recognized when the company satisfies performance obligation by transferring promised goods and services to patients. Revenue is measured based on the transaction price which is the fair value of the consideration received /receivable net of discount/concession and GST. The Income by way of doctor's Consultancy fees and the consequent liability towards Doctor's Consultation charges are considered as accrued as and when the amounts are finalized and certainty of recovery from patients is established.

Revenue from dictary/pharmacy sales and other associates services is recognized at the point when the goods are sold or services are rendered.

Interest income is accrued on, time basis, by reference to the principal outstanding
and at the effective interest rate applicable, which is the rate that exactly discounts
estimated future cash receipts through the expected life of the financial asset to that
asset's net carrying amount on initial recognition.

XV. Foreign Currency Transactions

Transactions in foreign currencies are translated to the functional currency of the company, at exchange rates in effect at the transaction date.

At each reporting date monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are translated at the exchange rate in effect at the date of the statement of financial position.

The translation for other non-monetary assets is not updated from historical exchange rates unless they are carried at fair value.

XIX. Minimum Alternative Tax (MAT)

MAT credit is recognized as an asset only when and to the extent there is convincing evidence that the company will pay normal income tax during the specified period. In the year in which the MAT credit becomes eligible to be recognized as an asset in accordance with the recommendations contained in Guidance Note issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India, the said asset is created by way of a credit to the statement of profit and loss and shown as MAT Credit Entitlement. The company reviews the same at each balance sheet date and writes down the carrying amount of MAT Credit Entitlement to the extent there is no longer convincing evidence to the effect that company will pay normal Income Tax during the specified period.

XX. Earnings per Share

Basic earnings per share are calculated by dividing:

- The profit attributable to owners of the company
- By the weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the financial year, adjusted for bonus elements in equity shares issued during the year and excluding treasury shares.

Diluted earnings per share adjust the figures used in the determination of basic earnings per share to take into account:

- The after income tax effect of interest and other financing costs associated with dilutive potential equity shares
- The weighted average number of additional equity shares that would have been outstanding assuming the conversion of all dilutive potential equity shares.

XXI. Rounding of amounts

All amounts disclosed in the financial statements and notes have been rounded off to the nearest rupees as per the requirement of Schedule III of the Companies Act, 2013, unless otherwise stated.